# 1997 Monitoring Program On-site Effluent Monitoring:

# Air Effluents

Sample Location Code	Monitoring/Reporting Requirements	Sampling Type/Medium		Collection Frequency		Total Annual Sample Collections		Analyses Performed/ Composite Frequency
ANSTACK Main Plant Ventilation Exhaust Stack	Airborne radioactive effluent points including LWTS and vitrification off-gas	Continuous off-line air particulate monitors	~	Continuous measurement of fixed filter, replaced weekly		N/A	<b>¬</b>	Real-time alpha and beta monitoring
ANSTSTK Supernatant	Required by: • 40 CFR 61	Continuous off-line air particulate filters	***	Weekly		52 each location	-	Gross alpha/beta, gamma isotopic*
Treatment System (STS) Ventilation Exhaust  ANCSSTK	Reported in:  ESR  MTAR  QEMDR  ODIS					Weekly filters composited to 4 each location	<b>→</b>	Quarterly composite for Sr-90, Pu/U isotopic, total U, Am-241, gamma isotopic
O1-14 Building Ventilation Exhaust  ANCSRFK Contact Size-	SER     Air Emissions     Annual Report     (NESHAP)	Continuous off-line desiccant columns for water vapor collection	-	Weekly		52 each of two locations	<b>→</b>	H-3 (ANSTACK and ANSTSTK only)
reduction Facility Exhaust		Continuous off-line charcoal cartridges	-	Weekly	~	Weekly cartridges composited to 4	-	Quarterly composite for I-129
ANCSPFK Container Sorting and Packaging Facility						each location		
ANVITSK Vitrification HVAC Exhaust								
L	·							
ANSEISK Seismic Sampler, Vitrification Backup	Airborne radioactive effluent point  Required by:  40 CFR 61  Reported in:  ESR  MTAR  QEMDR  ODIS	Continuous off-line air particulate filter	~	Weekly		52		Filters for gross alpha/beta, gamma isotopic* upon collection
	SER     Air Emissions     Annual Report     (NESHAP)	_						

<sup>\*</sup> Weekly gamma isotopic only if gross activity rises significantly.

ANSTACK DOE/EH-0173T, 3.0; DOE/EP-0096, 3.3.

Monitors and samples HEPA-filtered ventilation from most process areas, including cell ventilation, vessel off-gas, Fuel Receiving and Storage (FRS) and head end ventilation, analytical area. Requires continuous effluent monitoring per 40 CFR Subpart H, Section 61.93(b) because potential emissions may exceed 0.1 mrem limit.

ANSTSTK DOE/EH-0173T, 3.0; DOE/EP-0096, 3.3.

Monitors and samples HEPA-filtered ventilation from building areas involved in treatment of high-level waste supernatant. Requires continuous effluent monitoring per Subpart H, Section 61.93(b) because potential emissions may exceed 0.1 mrem limit.

ANCSSTK DOE/EH-0173T, 3.0; DOE/EP-0096, 3.3.

Monitors and samples HEPA-filtered ventilation from 01-14 building, which houses equipment used to treat ceramic melter off-gas. Requires continuous effluent monitoring per Subpart H, Section 61.93(b) because potential emissions may exceed 0.1 mrem limit.

ANCSRFK DOE/EH-0173T, 3.0; DOE/EP-0096, 3.3.

Monitors and samples HEPA-filtered ventilation from process area where radioactive tanks, pipes, and other equipment are reduced in volume by cutting with a plasma torch.

ANCSPFK DOE/EH-0173T, 3.0; DOE/EP-0096, 3.3.

Monitors and samples ventilation from lag storage area 4, the container sorting and packaging facility.

ANVITSK DOE/EH-0173T, 3.0; DOE/EP-0096, 3.3.

Vitrification facility heating, ventilation, and air conditioning effluent exhaust stack. Sampler brought on-line in late 1995 when nonradioactive operations began. Radioactive operation began with first high-level waste transfer in June 1996 and vitrification startup in July 1996.

ANSEISK DOE/EH-0173T, 3.0; DOE/EP-0096, 3.3.

Vitrification system back-up filter for catastrophic-event monitoring in case of primary vitrification HVAC stack failure.

■ Sampling locations are shown on Figure A-1 (p. A-45).

# 1997 Monitoring Program On-site Effluent Monitoring:

# Air Effluents

Sample Location Code	Monitoring/Reporting Requirements	Sampling Type/Medium	,	Collection Frequency	-	Total Annual Sample Collections	•	Analyses Performed/ Composite Frequency
ANGURAV	Airborne radioactive effluent point  Required by:  40 CFR 61	Continuous off-line air particulate monitor during operation		Continuous measurement of fixed filter	~**	N/A	<b>→</b>	Real-time beta monitoring
ANSUPCV Supercompactor Exhaust	Reported in: ESR MTAR QEMDR ODIS	Continuous off-line air particulate filter	-	Weekly (when operating)	-	52 maximum	***	Filters for gross alpha/beta, gamma isotopic* upon collection
	SER     Air Emissions Annual Report (NESHAP)					Collected filters composited to 4	-	Quarterly composites for Sr-90, Pu/U isotopic, total U, Am-241, gamma isotopic
	Airborne radioactive effluent points  Required by:  40 CFR 61	Continuous off-line air particulate filter		As required		1 each location	<b>→</b>	Filters for gross alpha/beta, gamma isotopic* upon collection
OVEs/PVUs Outdoor Ventilated Enclosures/ Portable Ventilation Units	Reported in:  ESR  MTAR  QEMDR  ODIS  Air Emissions Annual					Collected filters** composited to 4	-	Quarterly composites for Sr-90, Pu/U isotopic, total U, Am-241, gamma isotopic
	Report (NESHAP)							
	_							

<sup>\*</sup> Gamma isotopic only if gross activity rises significantly.

\*\* If gross determination of individual filter is significantly higher than background, individual sample would be submitted immediately for isotopic analysis.

**ANSUPCV** 

DOE/EH-0173T, 3.0; DOE/EP-0096, 3.3.

Monitors and samples HEPA-filtered ventilation from area where low-level radioactive waste volume is reduced by compaction.

OVEs/PVUs

DOE/EH-0173T, 3.0; DOE/EP-0096, 3.3.

Outdoor ventilated enclosures; portable ventilation units used for handling of radioactive materials or for decontamination in areas without containment ventilation.

■ Sampling locations are shown on Figure A-1 (p. A-45).

# Air Effluents and On-site Ambient Air

Sample Location Code	Monitoring/Reporting Requirements	Sampling Type/Medium	Collection Frequency	-	Total Annual Sample Collections	•	Analyses Performed/ Composite Frequency
ANLLWTVC Low-level Waste Treatment and Ventilation, "cold" side	Airborne radioactive effluent point  Required by:  40 CFR 61	Continuous off-line air particulate filter	- Weekly (monthly at ANLAUNV)	~	52 each location (12 at ANLAUNV)	-	Gross alpha/beta, gamma isotopic* upon collection
ANLLWTVH Low-level Waste Treatment and Ventilation, "hot" side	Reported in:  ESR  MTAR  QEMDR  ODIS  SER  Air Emissions  Annual Report (NESHAP)						
ANLAUNV Laundry Change Room Ventilation		_					
ANLAGAM Lag Storage Area Ambient Air	Ambient "diffuse source" air emissions	Continuous air particulate filter	- Weekly		52 each location		Gross alpha/beta
ANNDAAM NDA Ambient Air	Reported in:  MTAR QEMDR SER Air Emissions Annual Report (NESHAP)				Weekly filter composited to 4 each location		Quarterly composite for Sr-90, gamma isotopic, Pu/U isotopic, total U, Am-241
	Ambient "diffuse source" air emissions	Continuous air	- Weekly		52		Gross alpha/beta
	Reported in:	-			Weekly filter composited to 4	<b>→</b>	Quarterly composite for gamma isotopic
ANSDAT9** SDA Trench 9 Ambient Air	<ul> <li>Quarterly reports to NYSDEC</li> <li>MTAR</li> <li>QEMDR</li> <li>SER</li> </ul>	Continuous off-line desiccant columns for water vapor collection	- Weekly	-	52	-	Н-3
		Continuous off-line charcoal cartridges	- Monthly		Monthly cartridges composited to 4	<b>→</b>	Quarterly composite for I-129

<sup>\*</sup> Gamma isotopic only if gross activity rises significantly.

<sup>\*\*</sup> Sampling frequency and analytical parameters as directed by NYSERDA.

ANLLWTVC DOE/EH-0173T, 3.0; DOE/EP-0096, 3.3.

**ANLLWTVH** 

Samples nonradioaactive and radioactive sides of ventilation exhaust from low-level waste treatment facility.

**ANLAUNV** 

DOE/EH-0173T, 3.0; DOE/EP-0096, 3.3.

Samples ventilation from contaminated clothing laundry.

ANLAGAM DOE/EH-0173T, 3.3.2.

Monitors ambient air in the lag storage area, a possible diffuse source of air emissions.

**ANNDAAM** DOE/EH-0173T, 3.3.2.

Monitors ambient air in NDA area, a possible diffuse source of air emissions.

ANSDAT9

DOE/EH-0173T, 3.3.2.

Monitors ambient air by SDA trench 9, a possible diffuse source of air emissions. WVDP support of NYSERDA.

■ Sampling locations are shown on Figure A-1 (p. A-45).

# 1997 Monitoring Program On-site Effluent Monitoring:

# Liquid Effluents

Sample Location Code	Monitoring/Reporting Requirements	Sampling Type/Medium	_	Collection Frequency	-	Total Annual Sample Collections	-	Analyses Performed/ Composite Frequency
	Primary point of liquid effluent batch release	Grab liquid	~**	Daily, during lagoon 3 discharge*	→	40-80		Daily for gross beta, conductivity, flow
	Required by: • SPDES Permit					7-12	<b>→</b>	Every 6 days a sample is analyzed for gross alpha/beta, H-3, Sr-90, gamma isotopic
THE COLUMN TO TH	Reported in:  Monthly SPDES							
	DMR • ESR • MTAR • QEMDR • ODIS • SER					Composite of daily samples for each discharge, 4-8	<b>→</b>	Weighted composite for gross alpha/beta, H-3, C-14, Tc-99, Sr-90, I-129, gamma isotopic, Pu/U isotopic, total U, Am-241 for each month of discharge
WNSP001 Lagoon 3 Discharge Weir		Composite liquid	~*	Twice during discharge, near start and near end		8-16	-	Two 24-hour composites for BOD-5, suspended solids, SO <sub>4</sub> , NO <sub>3</sub> , NO <sub>2</sub> , NH <sub>3</sub> , total Al, Fe, and Mn, total recoverable Cd, Cr, Cu, Ni, Pb and Zn, dissolved As and Cu, dissolved sulfide
		Grab liquid		Twice during discharge, near start and near end		8-16	- recip	Settleable solids, total dissolved solids, pH, cyanide amenable to chlorination, oil & grease, surfactant (as LAS), total recoverable Co, Cr <sup>+6</sup> , Se, and V, dichlorodifluoromethane, trichlorofluoromethane, 3,3-dichlorobenzidine, tributyl phosphate, hexachlorobenzene, alpha-BHC, heptachlor, xylene, 2-butanone
Li in communication de la		Composite liquid	~	Semiannual		2	-	A 24-hour composite for titanium
		Composite liquid	-	Annual	-	1	***	A 24-hour composite for Ba and Sb
		Grab liquid	***9	Semiannual	<b>→</b> .	2	-	Bis(2-ethylhexyl) phthalate, 4-dodecene
	_	Grab liquid	<b>→</b>	Annual		1		Chloroform

<sup>\*</sup> Lagoon 3 is discharged between four and eight times per year, as necessary, averaging ten days per discharge.

### WNSP001 DOE 5400.5; DOE/EH-0173T, 2.3.3.

By DOE Order all liquid effluent streams from DOE facilities shall be evaluated and their potential for release of radionuclides addressed.

New York State SPDES permit no. NY0000973.

These requirements for radiological parameters are met by daily grab sampling during periods of lagoon 3 discharge. Sampling for chemical constituents is performed near the beginning and end of each discharge period to meet the site SPDES permit. Both grab samples and 24-hour composite samples are collected.

■ Sampling location is shown on Figure A-2 (p. A-46).

# 1997 Monitoring Program On-site Effluent Monitoring:

# Liquid Effluents

	***************************************		-	Total Annual	
Sample Location Code	Monitoring/Reporting Requirements	Sampling Type/Medium	Collection Frequency	Sample Collections	Analyses Performed/ Composite Frequency
	Combined facility liquid discharge	Timed continuous composite liquid	- Weekly	- 52	- Gross alpha/beta, H-3, pH, conductivity
WNSP006 Frank's Creek at Security Fence	<ul><li>SPDES Permit</li><li>Reported in:</li><li>MTAR</li><li>QEMDR</li></ul>			Weekly samples composited to 12	<ul> <li>Monthly composite for gamma isotopic and Sr-90 (monthly composite shared with NYSDOH)</li> </ul>
	• SER	Grab liquid		Weekly samples composited to 4	- Quarterly composite for C-14, I-129, Pu/U isotopic, total U, Am-241, Tc-99
		Grab nquiu	- Semiannual	<b>- 2</b>	- NPOC, TOX, Ca, Mg, Na, K, Ba, Mn, Fe, Cl, SO <sub>4</sub> , NO <sub>3</sub> +NO <sub>2</sub> -N, F, HCO <sub>3</sub> , CO <sub>3</sub>
	Liquid effluent point for sanitary and utility plant combined discharge  Required by:  • SPDES Permit	24-hour composite liquid	- 3 each month	- 36	- Gross alpha/beta, H-3, pH, suspended solids, NH <sub>3</sub> , NO <sub>2</sub> -N, BOD-5, total Fe
WNSP007 Sanitary Waste	Reported in:  Monthly SPDES DMR  ESR  MTAR  QEMDR			Monthly samples composited to 4 quarterly samples	- Gamma isotopic
Discharge		Grab liquid	- 3 each month	- 36	→ Oil & grease
	• ODIS • SER	Grab liquid	- Weekly	- 52	pH, settleable solids, total residual chlorine
		Grab liquid	- Annual	<del>-</del> 1	- Chloroform
WNSDADR SDA Run-off	Surface water run-off from south portion of SDA  Required by: Interim Measures Compliance  Reported in: Quarterly reports to	Grab liquid	→ Monthly	- 12	- pH, total suspended solids, oil & grease, flow, gross alpha/beta, H-3, gamma isotopic
	NYSDEC  • MTAR  • QEMDR  • SER				

WNSP006 DOE/EH-0173T, 5.10.1.1.

By DOE Order all liquid effluent streams from DOE facilities shall be evaluated and their potential for release of radionuclides addressed.

In accordance with WVDP SPDES permit no. NY0000973, outfall 116 (pseudo-monitoring point) uses flow data from WNSP006. Flow augmentation parameters (flow and total dissolved solids [TDS] are monitored at location WNSP006; calculated TDS and flow data related to sample point WNSP006 are reported for pseudo-monitoring point 116 in the monthly SPDES Discharge Monitoring Report (DMR).

WNSP007 DOE 5400.5; DOE/EH-0173T, 2.3.3.

Sampling rationale is based on New York State SPDES permit no. NY0000973 and DOE 5400.5 criteria for discharge of radioactivity to and from the sewage treatment plant.

WNSDADR NYSERDA interim measures compliance.

WVDP support of NYSERDA.

Grab sample monitoring surface water runoff from south portion of SDA.

■ Sampling locations are shown on Figure A-2 (p. A-46).

# **On-site Surface Water**

Sample Location Code	Monitoring/Reporting Requirements	Sampling Type/Medium	Collection Frequency	Total Annual Sample Collections	-	Analyses Performed/ Composite Frequency
WNSWAMP NE Swamp Drainage	Site surface drainage  Reported in:  ESR  MTAR  QEMDR  ODIS  SER	Timed continuous composite liquid	- Weekly - Semiannual	Weekly samples composited to 12  Weekly samples composited to 4	•	Gross alpha/beta, H-3, pH, conductivity  Monthly composite for gamma isotopic and Sr-90 (monthly composite shared with NYSDOH)  Quarterly composite for C-14, I-129, Pu/U isotopic, total U, Am-241  NPOC, TOX, Ca, Mg, Na, K,
WNSW74A North Swamp Drainage	Site surface drainage  Reported in:  ESR  MTAR  QEMDR  ODIS  SER	Timed continuous composite liquid	<ul><li>→ Weekly</li><li>→ Semiannual</li></ul>	<ul> <li>52</li> <li>Weekly samples composited to 12</li> <li>Weekly samples composited to 4</li> <li>2</li> </ul>	7	Ba, Mn, Fe, Cl, SO <sub>4</sub> , NO <sub>3</sub> +NO <sub>2</sub> -N, F, HCO <sub>3</sub> , CO <sub>3</sub> Gross alpha/beta, H-3, pH, conductivity  Monthly composite for gamma isotopic, Sr-90  Quarterly composite for C-14, I-129, Pu/U isotopic, total U, Am-241  NPOC, TOX, Ca, Mg, Na, K, Ba, Mn, Fe, Cl, SO <sub>4</sub> , NO <sub>3</sub> +NO <sub>2</sub> -N, F, HCO <sub>3</sub> , CO <sub>3</sub>
WN8D1DR High-level Waste Farm Underdrain	Drains subsurface water from HLW storage tank area  Reported in:  MTAR QEMDR SER	Grab liquid	- Weekly	Weekly samples composited to 12		Gross alpha/beta, H-3, pH  Monthly composite for gamma isotopic, Sr-90

### WNSWAMP DOE/EH-0173T, 5.10.1.1.

NE site surface water drainage; provides for the sampling of this discrete drainage path for uncontrolled surface waters just before they leave the site's controlled boundary. Waters represent surface and subsurface drainages from the construction and demolition debris landfill (CDDL), old hardstand areas, and other possible north plateau sources of radiological or nonradiological contamination.

# WNSW74A DOE/EH-0173T, 5.10.1.1.

N site surface water drainage; provides for the sampling of this discrete drainage path for uncontrolled surface waters just before they leave the site's controlled boundary. Waters represent surface and subsurface drainages from lag storage areas and other possible north plateau sources of radiological or nonradiological contamination.

#### WN8D1DR DOE/EH-0173T, 5.10.1.3.

Monitors the potential influence on subsurface drainage surrounding the high-level waste tank farm.

■ Sampling locations are shown on Figure A-2 (p. A-46).

# **On-site Surface Water**

Sample Location Code	Monitoring/Reporting Requirements	Sampling Type/Medium		Collection Frequency	-	Total Annual Sample Collections		Analyses Performed/ Composite Frequency
	Drains subsurface water from LLWTF	Grab liquid	<b>→</b>	Monthly	-	12	~	Gross alpha/beta, H-3
	lagoon area  Required by:	Grab liquid	7	3 each month	***	36		Conductivity, pH, BOD-5, total Fe, total recoverable Cd and Pb
WNSP008 French Drain	<ul> <li>SPDES Permit</li> <li>Reported in:</li> <li>Monthly SPDES DMR</li> <li>ESR</li> <li>MTAR</li> <li>QEMDR</li> <li>ODIS</li> <li>SER</li> </ul>	Grab liquid	****	Annual	****	1		As, Cr, total Ag and Zn
WNSP005 Facility Yard Drainage	Combined drainage from facility yard area  Reported in:  MTAR  QEMDR  SER	Grab liquid		Monthly		12	.org	Gross alpha/beta, H-3, pH
WNCOOLW Cooling Tower Basin	Cools plant utility steam system water  Reported in:  MTAR  QEMDR  SER	Grab liquid		Monthly	mig	Monthly samples composited to 4	·-•	Gross alpha/beta, H-3, pH  Quarterly composite for gamma isotopic

#### WNSP008

DOE/EH-0173T, 5.10.1.3.

French drain of subsurface water from lagoon (LLWTF) area. NYSDEC SPDES permit no. NY0000973 also provides for the sampling of this discrete drainage path for uncontrolled subsurface waters before they flow into Erdman Brook. Waters represent subsurface drainages from downward infiltration around the LLWTF and lagoon systems. This point would also monitor any subsurface spillover from the overfilling of lagoons 2 and 3. Sampling of significance for both radiological and nonradiological contamination.

#### WNSP005

Facility yard surface water drainage; generally in accordance with DOE/EH-0173T, 5.10.1.1. Previously in accordance with NYSDEC SPDES permit no. NY0000973.

Provides for the sampling of this discrete drainage path for uncontrolled surface waters just after outfall 007 discharge into the drainage and before they flow to Erdman Brook. Waters represent surface and subsurface drainages primarily from the main plant yard area. Historically this point was used to monitor sludge pond and utility room discharges to the drainage. These two sources have been rerouted. Migration of residual site contamination around the main plant dictates surveillance of this point primarily for radiological parameters.

#### WNCOOLW

Facility cooling tower circulation water; generally in accordance with DOE/EH-0173T, 5.10.1.1.

Operational sampling carried out to confirm no migration of radiological contamination into the primary coolant loop of the HLWTF and/or plant utility steam systems. Migration from either source might indicate radiological control failure.

■ Sampling locations are shown on Figure A-2 (p. A-46).

# **On-site Surface Water**

Sample Location Code	Monitoring/Reporting Requirements	Sampling Type/Medium		Collection Frequency	-	Total Annual Sample Collections		Analyses Performed/ Composite Frequency
WNFRC67* Frank's Creek E of SDA	Drains NYS Low-level Waste Disposal Area  Reported in:  MTAR QEMDR SER Reported to NYSERDA	Grab liquid		Monthly	-	12	<b>→</b>	Gross alpha/beta, H-3, pH
WNERB53* Erdman Brook N of Disposal Areas	Drains NYS and WVDP disposal areas  Reported in:  MTAR  QEMDR  SER  Reported to NYSERDA	Grab liquid		Weekly	-	52	***	Gross alpha/beta, H-3, pH
WNNDADR Drainage between NDA and SDA	Drains WVDP disposal and storage area  Reported in:  MTAR  QEMDR  SER	Timed continuous composite liquid		Weekly	-109	Weekly samples composited to 12  Weekly samples composited to 4	~~	pH  Monthly composite for gross alpha/beta, gamma isotopic, H-3  Quarterly composite for Sr-90, I-129
	_ [	Grab liquid		Semiannual		2	-	NPOC, TOX
WNDCELD Drainage S of Drum Cell	Drains WVDP storage area  Reported in:  MTAR  QEMDR  SER	Grab liquid	-	Monthly	veg	Monthly samples composited to 4	-	pH, gross alpha/beta  Quarterly composite for Sr-90, I-129, gamma isotopic, H-3
WNNDATR** NDA Trench Interceptor Project	On-site groundwater interception  Reported in:  MTAR QEMDR SER	Grab liquid	-	Monthly	~~	Monthly samples composited to 4		Gross alpha/beta, H-3, gamma isotopic, NPOC, TOX  Quarterly composite for I-129

<sup>\*</sup> Monthly sample collected by NYSDOH
\*\* Coordinated with Waste Management Operations

WNFRC67 DOE/EH-0173T, 5.10.1.1.

Monitors the potential influence of both the SDA and drum cell drainage into Frank's Creek east of the SDA and upstream of the confluence with Erdman Brook.

WNERB53 DOE/EH-0173T, 5.10.1.1.

Monitors the potential influence of the drainages from the SDA and the WVDP disposal area into Erdman Brook upstream of the confluence with Frank's Creek.

WNNDADR DOE/EH-0173T, 5.10.1.1.

Monitors the potential influence of the WVDP storage and disposal area drainage into Lagoon Road Creek upstream from confluence with Erdman Brook.

WNDCELD DOE/EH-0173T, 5.10.1.1.

Monitors potential influence of drum cell drainage into Frank's Creek south of the SDA and upstream of WNFRC67.

WNNDATR DOE Order 5400.1, IV.9.

Monitors groundwater in vicinity of the NDA interceptor trench project. The grab sample is taken directly from the trench collection system.

■ Sampling locations are shown on Figure A-2 (p. A-46).

# **On-site Surface Water**

Sample Location Code	Monitoring/Reporting Requirements	Sampling Type/Medium	Collection Frequency	Total Annual Sample Collections	Analyses Performed/ Composite Frequency
WNSTAW Series On-site standing water ponds not receiving effluent include:	Water within vicinity of plant airborne or water effluent  Reported in:  MTAR	— Grab liquid	- Annual	→ 1 each location*	Gross alpha/beta, H-3, pH, conductivity, Cl, Fe, Mn, Na, NO <sub>3</sub> +NO <sub>2</sub> -N, SO <sub>4</sub>
WNSTAW4 Border pond SW of AFRT240	• QEMDR • SER				
WNSTAW5 Border pond SW of DFTLD13					
WNSTAW6 Borrow pit NE of Project facilities					
WNSTAW9 North reservoir near intake					
WNSTAWB Background pond at Sprague Brook maintenance building					

<sup>\*</sup> Sampling depends upon on-site ponding conditions during the year.

### WNSTAW

DOE/EH-0173T, 5.10.1.1.

Series

Monitoring of on- and off-site standing waters at locations listed below. Although none receive effluent directly, the potential for contamination is present except at the background location. Former collecting sites 1, 2, 3, 7, and 8 were deleted from the monitoring program because they were built over or are now dry.

WNSTAW4 Border pond located south of AFRT240. Chosen to be a location for obtaining high potential concentration, based on meteorological data. Perimeter location adjacent to a working farm. Drainage extends through private property and is accessible to the public.

WNSTAW5 Border pond located west of Project facilities near the perimeter fence and DFTLD13. Chosen to be a location for obtaining high potential concentration, based on meteorological data. Location is adjacent to private residence and potentially accessible by the general public.

WNSTAW6 Borrow pit northeast of Project facilities just outside of inner security fence. Considered to be the closest standing water to the main plant and high-level waste facilities (in lieu of the availability of WNSTAW1).

WNSTAW9 North reservoir near intake. Chosen to provide data in the event of potentially contaminated site potable water supply. Location is south of main plant facilities.

WNSTAWB Pond located near the Sprague Brook maintenance building. Considered a background location; approximately 14 kilometers north of the WVDP.

■ Sampling locations are shown on Figures A-2, A-4, and A-9 (pp. A-46, A-48, and A-53, respectively).

# On-site Potable Water

Sample Location Code	Monitoring/Reporting Requirements	Sampling Type/Medium	Collection Frequency	Total Annual Sample Collections	Analyses Performed/ Composite Frequency
WNDNK Series Site Potable Water includes:	Sources of potable water within site perimeter  Reported in:	Grab liquid	→ Monthly	- 12 per location -	Gross alpha/beta, H-3, pH, conductivity
WNDNKMS Maintenance	MTAR     OEMDR				
Shop Drinking	• SER				
Water	also reported to     Cattaraugus County				
WNDNKMP	Ì				
Main Plant Drinking Water					
WNDNKEL Environmental					
Laboratory Drinking Water		Grab liquid	- Annual	→ 1 · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	As, Ba, Cd, Cr, Hg, Se, fluoride, NO <sub>3</sub>
WNDNKUR*					
(EP-1) Potable Water Storage Tank					

<sup>\*</sup> WNDNKUR. Sample for NO<sub>3</sub> to be collected in March. Pb and Cu also will be sampled at this site based upon Cattaraugus County Health Department guidance.

WNDNK

Site drinking water; generally according to DOE/EH-0173T, 5.10.1.2.

Series

Potable water sampling carried out to confirm no migration of radiological and/or nonradiological contamination into the site's drinking water supply.

WNDNKMS Site drinking water; generally according to DOE/EH-0173T, 5.10.1.2.

Potable water sampled at the maintenance shop in order to monitor a point that is at an intermediate distance from the point of potable water generation and that is used heavily by site personnel.

WNDNKMP Site drinking water; generally according to DOE/EH-0173T, 5.10.1.2.

Same rationale as WNDNKMS but sampled at the main plant water fountain.

WNDNKEL Site drinking water; generally according to DOE/EH-0173T, 5.10.1.2.

Potable water sampled at the Environmental Laboratory.

WNDNKUR Site drinking water; generally according to DOE/EH-0173T, 5.10.1.2.

Sampled at the utility room potable water storage tank before the site drinking water distribution system. Sample location is entry point EP-1.

■ Sampling points are within site facilities and are not detailed on figures.

# **On-site Groundwater**

Sample Location Code	Monitoring/Reporting Requirements	Sampling Type/Medium		Collection Frequency		Total Annual Sample Collections		Analyses Performed/ Composite Frequency
North Plateau background well (not in a SSWMU) NB1S	Groundwater monitoring points around site super solid waste management units (SSWMUs)	— Grab liquid	· · · • •	Four times per year (generally)*	, <b></b> -	4 each well (generally)*	<b>→</b>	Gross alpha, gross beta, tritium*
Low-level Waste Treatment Facilities (SSWMU #1)	Reported in:  SER Quarterly Groundwater Reports							
103 104 C 105 C 106								
107 108 110 111 116 C 8604 C		Direct field measurement of sample discharge water		Each sampling event*	wa	Twice each sampling event	-	Conductivity, pH
Miscellaneous Small Units (SSWMU #2)								
201 U 204 U 205 206 C 208								
Liquid Waste Treatment System (SSWMU #3)								
301 U 302 U		_						

NOTE: "U" designates upgradient, "B" designates background, and "C" designates crossgradient wells; the remainder are downgradient.

\* Sampling frequency and analytes vary from point to point. See Table 3-1 (p. 3-7) for a summary sampling schedule and a listing of analytes

<sup>\*</sup> Sampling frequency and analytes vary from point to point. See Table 3-1 (p. 3-7) for a summary sampling schedule and a listing of analytes and Table E-1 (App. E, p. E-3) for a listing of analytes monitored at each location. See Appendix E for a listing of results from each location.

#### On-site Groundwater

DOE Order 5400.1, IV.9; DOE/EH-0173T, 5.10.1.3; 40 CFR Parts 264 and 265, Subpart F.

The on-site WVDP groundwater monitoring program focuses on radiological and chemical surveillance of both active and inactive super solid waste management units (SSWMUs). The program allows for the determination of water quality. In addition, using wells situated hydraulically upgradient (background) and downgradient of SSWMUs allows for both detection of groundwater contamination and evaluation of the effects associated with the individual SSWMUs.

Groundwater protection is addressed in the Groundwater Protection Management Program, WVDP-091. Groundwater monitoring is detailed in the Groundwater Monitoring Plan, WVDP 239.

SSWMU #1

Low-level waste treatment facilities, including four active lagoons, lagoons 2, 3, 4 and 5, and an inactive, filled-in lagoon, lagoon 1.

SSWMU #2

Miscellaneous small units, including the sludge pond, the solvent dike, the paper incinerator, the equalization basin, and the kerosene tank.

SSWMU #3

Liquid waste treatment system containing effluent from the supernatant treatment system.

<sup>■</sup> Sampling locations are shown on Figure A-3 (p. A-47).

# **On-site Groundwater**

:			***************************************	•••	Total Annual	-	, <del>- 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 </del>
Sample Location  Code	Monitoring/Reporting Requirements	Sampling Type/Medium	Collection Frequency	-	Sample Collections		Analyses Performed/ Composite Frequency
HLW Storage and	Groundwater monitoring points	— Grab liquid -	Four times per year	-	4 each well (generally)*	-mg	Gross alpha, gross beta, tritium*
Processing Tank	around site super solid		(generally)*				,
(SSWMU #4)	waste management units (SSWMUs)						
401 U	Deported in						
402 U 403 U	Reported in: • SER						
405 C	Quarterly						
406	Groundwater						
408 409	Reports						
409							
Maintenance Shop							
Leach Field		Direct field -	Each sampling	-	1		Conductivity, pH
(SSWMU #5)		measurement of sample discharge	event*		sampling event		
501 U		water					
502							
Low-level Waste							
Storage Area							
(SSWMU #6)	. **						
601 D							
602							
604							
605							
8607 U 8609 U							
Chemical Process							
Cell Waste Storage Area (SSWMU #7)							
AIGA (33 WIVIU #/)					•		
704							
706 U							
707 C	L	······································					

NOTE: "U" designates upgradient, "B" designates background, and "C" designates crossgradient wells; the remainder are downgradient.

\* Sampling frequency and analytes vary from point to point. See Table 3-1 (p. 3-7) for a summary sampling schedule and a listing of analytes and Table E-1 (App. E, p. E-3) for a listing of analytes monitored at each location. See Appendix E for a listing of results from each location.

#### On-site Groundwater

SSWMU #7

DOE Order 5400.1, IV.9; DOE/EH-0173T, 5.10.1.3; 40 CFR Parts 264 and 265, Subpart F.

The on-site WVDP groundwater monitoring program focuses on radiological and chemical surveillance of both active and inactive super solid waste management units (SSWMUs). The program allows for the determination of water quality. In addition, using wells situated hydraulically upgradient (background) and downgradient of SSWMUs allows for both detection of groundwater contamination and evaluation of the effects associated with the individual SSWMUs.

Groundwater protection is addressed in the Groundwater Protection Plan, WVDP-091. Groundwater monitoring is covered in the Groundwater Monitoring Plan, WVDP-239.

SSWMU #4 High-level waste storage and processing area, including the high-level radioactive waste tanks, the supernatant treatment system, and the vitrification facility.

SSWMU #5 Maintenance shop sanitary leach field, formerly used by NFS and WVNS to process domestic sewage generated by the maintenance shop.

SSWMU #6 Low-level waste storage area includes metal and fabric structures housing low-level radioactive wastes being stored for future disposal.

Chemical process cell (CPC) waste storage area contains packages of pipes, vessels, and debris from decontamination and cleanup of chemical process cell in the former reprocessing plant.

<sup>■</sup> Sampling locations are shown on Figure A-3 (p. A-47).

### **On-site Groundwater**

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Sample Location Code	Monitoring/Reporting Requirements	Sampling Type/Medium		Collection Frequency		Total Annual Sample Collections		Analyses Performed/ Composite Frequency
Construction and Demolition Debris Landfill (CDDL) (SSWMU #8)	Groundwater monitoring points around site super solid waste management units (SSWMUs)	Grab liquid		Four times per year (generally)*	<b>→</b>	4 each well (generally)*	-	Gross alpha, gross beta, tritium*
801 U 802 803 804 8603 U 8612	Reported in:  SER  Quarterly Groundwater Reports							
NRC-licensed Disposal Area (NDA) (SSWMU #9)		Direct field measurement of	-	Each sampling event*	-	Twice each sampling event	neg.	Conductivity, pH
901 U 902 U 903 906		sample discharge water						
908 U 909 910 8610								
8611 NDATR	٠.							
IRTS Drum Cell (SSWMU #10) 1005 U								
1006 1007 1008b B 1008c B						,		

NOTE: "U" designates upgradient, "B" designates background, and "C" designates crossgradient wells; the remainder are downgradient.

\* Sampling frequency and analytes vary from point to point. See Table 3-1 (p. 3-7) for a summary sampling schedule and a listing of analytes and Table E-1 (App. E, p. E-3) for a listing of analytes monitored at each location. See Appendix E for a listing of results from each location.

### On-site Groundwater

DOE Order 5400.1, IV.9; DOE/EH-0173T, 5.10.1.3; 40 CFR Parts 264 and 265, Subpart F.

The on-site WVDP groundwater monitoring program focuses on radiological and chemical surveillance of both active and inactive super solid waste management units (SSWMUs). The program allows for the determination of water quality. In addition, using wells situated hydraulically upgradient (background) and downgradient of SSWMUs allows for both detection of groundwater contamination and evaluation of the effects associated with the individual SSWMUs.

Groundwater protection is addressed in WVDP-091, the Groundwater Plan Program. Groundwater monitoring is covered in WVDP-239, the Groundwater Monitoring Plan.

SSWMU #8 The construction and demolition debris landfill (CDDL), used by NFS and the WVDP to dispose of nonhazardous and nonradioactive materials.

SSWMU #9 The NRC-licensed disposal area (NDA) contains radioactive wastes generated by NFS and the WVDP.

SSWMU #10 The integrated radioactive waste system (IRTS) treatment drum cell stores cement-stabilized low-level radioactive waste.

<sup>■</sup> Sampling locations are shown on Figure A-3 (p. A-47).